

The 21st May 1889.

Memo of propositions to be laid before the next Ordinary Meeting of the City Municipal Commission to be held at their Office premises on Friday the 31st May 1889 at 7-30 A. M.

- I. Cash account current and mortuary returns for April 1889.
- II. Letter No. 115, dated 9th May 1889, from the President, Municipal Commission, Civil and Military Station, proposing a transfer of the incurables from the Girdlestome ward to the City Langarkhana and offering a monthly contribution of Rs. 100 for their maintenance.
- III. Application from Venkataramana Mestri of Arlepete requesting permission to erect a stone mantapa under the bund of Agrahar Tank for the use of the public, together with Mr. B. Murry Gungiah's report thereon.
- IV. Proposal to charge rent for the occupation of vacant sites on the Fort glacis.

The 22nd May 1889.

Additional Proposition.

- I. Letter from Mr. J. Cameron, Municipal Commissioner, No. 6 Division, dated 22nd instant, proposing the removal on sanitary grounds of the villages of Upparhalli and Dobbspete, situated near Miller Tank No. 1, and also suggesting that garden cultivation near the said tank may be prohibited on the same grounds.

A. SRINIVASACHARLU, B. B.,
Vice-President.

SHIMOGA MUNICIPALITY.

Proceedings of a Meeting of the Shimoga Municipal Board convened at the Deputy Commissioner's Office on Thursday the 11th April 1889.

Present.

V. P. Madhava Rao, Esq., B. A., President.
K. Nagesa Rao, Esq., Vice-President.
A. S. Nagavkar, Esq., Executive Engineer.
D. A. Choksi, Esq., Civil Surgeon.
Mr. P. Sitaramaiya, Amildar.

Members.

Mr. K. Vedantaiengar.
" M. Ramprasad Tivari.
" E. Sundram Iyer.
" N. Lingappa.
" T. Bhima Rao.
" T. Venkatappa.
" N. Mojjappa.
" K. Honna Nayik.
" Bapu Sahib.
" G. Kadappa.

Absent.

Rev. B. Robinson, Wesleyan Missionary.
Mr. A. Sitaramappa.
" C. Malhari Rao.
" Kazi Syed Fakroddin Sahib.

1. Read copy of correspondence on the subject of the sanitation of the Town of Shimoga received Chief Engineer's letter No. 1657, dated the 28th March 1889.

The Board feel extremely thankful to Government for ordering the projects of the main drainage and water supply for the Town of Shimoga being taken up by the Public Works Department.

2. The Meeting proceed to consider the following points touched upon in the memorandum of Mr. Standish Lee, the Sanitary Engineer, dated the 4th March 1889 :—

(1.) Anent the stopping of the burial of Municipal rubbish within the Town. (*Vide* note II of the memorandum).

The Board regret that this cannot be altogether stopped, as there is no other means of filling up large number of pits scattered over the Town. It is impossible in the present state of the finances of the Municipality to fill up these pits with fresh earth. It is resolved therefore that, as is the case now, the rubbish be thrown in one or two selected pits in convenient localities and given a good coating of fresh earth each fortnight or month as may be convenient. Incinerator should also be constructed near these pits to burn the rubbish before being thrown into the pits.

(2.) Note 3 of the memorandum refers to—

(a) Night soil pits.

(b) Grave yards.

(c) Burning grounds.

With regard to (a) night soil pits, it will be seen from Resolution No. 2 of the Board Proceedings, 3rd October 1888, that the question has already engaged the attention of the Board. A site has already been selected (by a Sub-Committee and by the President) in a waste uncultivated land near the village of Navali about a mile and a half from the Town.

It is mentioned in the Amildar's report No. 232, dated 28th March 1889, that the villagers have no objection to the site selected. It forms part of Survey No. 130 with an extent of 2 acres and 34 guntas assessed at Rs. 3-12-0. The Deputy Commissioner will be requested to send in the usual alienation statement to Government.

It is resolved that in future the night soil should be deposited in pits dug in the above land and covered over with earth.

As regards grave yards (b), the following burial grounds are considered objectionable and the Board resolve that they be closed as early as possible :—

- (i). Close to the Sigehatti burning ground.
- (ii). At the southern bank of the river directly opposite to the Town.
- (iii). Muhammadan grave yard to the west of the bandy-stand and by the side of the imperial road.

The Vice-President will kindly issue notices to the different communities giving them a month's time to select fresh sites in unobjectionable localities.

Regarding the burning ground (c), the ground near Sigehatti was selected for the convenience of the inhabitants of the western part of the Town, as will be seen from Resolution 7 of the Board Proceedings dated 18th August 1880. Subsequent experience has shown that this spot is highly objectionable, and the Board, concurring with the Sanitary Engineer, unanimously resolve that the cremation of the dead be prohibited at this place, and that the same be confined for the present to the existing ground near Purligudda beyond the river to the south-east.

- (3.) As regards the partial removal by blasting of some rocks in the river on the side nearest the

Mr. C. Mallari Rao.
" N. Megappa.
" T. Venkatappa.

Town so as to increase the flow of water in the stream that passes on the Town side, and to prevent stagnant pools, the Vice-President and members as per margin are requested to visit the place in company with the Executive Engineer and favor the Board with their opinion at the next meeting.

- (4.) Anent the removal of the dangerous and objectionable trades such as (a) lime-burning, (b) pottery-kilns and (c) tanneries within the Town (*vide* Note 7 of the Memorandum).

(a) The Board re-affirm the Resolutions 13 and 8 of the Board, dated 24th June 1882 and 16th February 1889, respectively, and call on the Bestars present at the Meeting to select without delay a site near the Navalihalla or beyond the Distillery.

(b). Pottery-kilns. The potters having personally represented that the presence of their kilns is not injurious to health, and that if their kilns are kept detached from their houses they will have to abandon Shimoga altogether; the further consideration of the subject was put off until the Vice-President and the Civil Surgeon should have seen the locality and favored the Board with their opinion.

(c). There are no tanneries in Shimoga, but there are a few godowns for storing raw hides collected prior to exportation.

The Board resolve that due measures be adopted to prevent nuisance caused by the storage of raw hides.

(5) As regards the prohibition of rotting hemp in the river and setting a part of the ponds for the purpose (*vide* Note 8 of the Memorandum), resolved that the rotting of hemp used in gunny weaving be strictly prohibited in the river pools. The gunny weavers have been personally informed that they might use some parts of Navalihalla for the purpose, and they have agreed to remove the hemp from the river within a week.

(6.) In connection with the closing of cesspools alluded in Note 9 of the Memorandum, steps should be taken to have such of the pits as are situated in private lands filled up by the owners, and those on public grounds to be filled up by the Municipality, so far as funds permit.

(7.) With reference to the rubbish depôt at the Barr Lines alluded to in Note 10 of the Memorandum, it is resolved that as in the present crippled state of their finances, the Board are unable to undertake this work which is roughly estimated to cost about Rs. 1,000, the Military Secretary be addressed on the subject with a view to obtain a special grant for it.

(8.) As regards the removal of lanthana or fever plant which has spread over the whole Town, the Board are unanimously of opinion that, as suggested by the Sanitary Engineer in his Note No. 12 of the Memorandum, everything should be done to see lanthana rooted out and destroyed wherever found in the Town. They accordingly resolve that a notice be issued to the towns-people giving them sufficient time for the removal of all line hedges around their backyards, and for putting up walls or bamboos or wooden fences in their stead. The lanthana on public grounds will be removed by convicts who will be employed on the work systematically from one end of the Town to the other, i. e., from Sigehatti to the Tunga bridge. Measures to be adopted to have these works carried out when the soil has been loosened by a few showers.

3. Read again letter from the Revd. J. A. M. Gerbier, Roman Catholic Priest at Shimoga, kindly offering in response to a suggestion made by the Deputy Commissioner to bring down 2 or 3 nuns to take charge of a Girl's school in Shimoga, read also Resolution No. 5 of the Board Proceedings dated 18th December 1883.

The Meeting convey their thanks to the Revd. Gentleman for the kind offer. There being no independent school, the Board will address the Revd. Gentleman again when the plan for opening one has been sufficiently matured; meanwhile the Priest will be asked to kindly furnish the Board with a memo of the cost of maintaining the nuns as specified in para 2 of the letter above read.

4. Read again Resolution No. 12 of the Board Proceedings dated 5th October 1888.

Resolved that the Deputy Commissioner be requested to kindly forward a copy of the above Resolution showing the progress made with the Petta since it was started and the details of the money received and spent for its improvement, and convey also the thanks of the Board to Colonel Tredway G. Clarke for the donation given by him. The Petta is improving, and houses will begin to be built in increasing numbers when the well now being sunk proves a success.

5. Read Executive Engineer's docket No. 303, dated 10th April 1889, marking off in the survey map of Shimoga village, 6 blocks of building sites which Messrs. E. Sundram Iyer, K. Rama Rao and K. Lakshmanaiya, &c., had applied for. These blocks form part of survey No. 37, extent A. 39, G. 21 assigned for free grazing of cattle.

The sites asked for are situated near the District Office compound along the southern side of the road leading to Honnali. The sites are at some distance from the Town and as an inducement to raise decent buildings which would improve the place, it is resolved that the sites be granted free to the applicants subject to the following conditions:—

The buildings should be completed within 2 years according to the plan given; privies and wells to be built in such manner as may be pointed out by the Civil Surgeon and by the Executive Engineer. Clearance of ground, digging of well and collection of materials to the value of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the estimate cost to be shown at the end of the 1st year. Default in any of these conditions will entail resumption of the sites by the Municipality. Further resolved that the Deputy Commissioner be requested to send an alienation statement to the proper authorities.

K. NAGESA RAO,
Vice-President.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

The 16th May 1889.

It is hereby notified for general information under para 3 of the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 6 of the 17th April 1867 published at page 119 of the *Mysore Gazette* of the 4th May 1867, that the undermentioned description of silver coins were found in a wall of an old house situated in the village of Nissen, Antarsante Hobli of the Heggaddevankote Taluk attached to the Mysore District and that any persons having any claim or right to the treasure or any part thereof are requested to appear personally or by Agent before the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and establish their title thereto within six months from the date of this notification.

Description of coin.	Total value of treasure found.	Dates on which found and by whom.	Place on which found.	Remarks.
British Indian coin.	120 rupees.	21st March 1888 by Syed Pir Sab, son of Sahukar Yakubsab.	In a wall of the old house in the possession of Syed Pir Sab in the village of Nissen of the Heggaddevankote Taluk.	The money is in deposit in the Taluk Treasury at Heggaddevankote.

J. W. KNIGHT,
for Dy. Commissioner.

PROCLAMATION.

The 11th July 1888.

A reward of rupees five hundred is offered for information leading to the recovery of the boy whose descriptive roll is given hereunder. He left his house in the Fort on the 11th June 1888 and has never been seen or heard of since:—

Descriptive roll of a boy missed on the 11th June 1888 in the Mysore Town, Fort.

Date on which missed.—11th June 1888. Name.—Kasiyappa alias Kasipati Sastri. Age.—11. Father's Name.—Aswattha Narayana Sastri. Caste.—Smartha Brahmin. Height.—3 feet 6 inches. Residence.—Kille Mohalla, Mysore Town. Marks of identification.—Had golden bangles on both hands, silver bangles on both legs and wore ruby earrings, a black woollen (Banat) coat and cap and a pauche over and another round the waist. Fair complexion. Has a mole on the back. Knows English and Kanarese. Used to be attacked by fits of epilepsy.